

SUBJECT No. 63.

Increase of *soppinabetta*.

Summary of representation.—It is about 30 years since the extent of *soppinabetta* necessary for each garden was fixed. Owing to the expansion of garden cultivation during the last 30 years a larger area of *soppinabetta* is now found necessary. The extent of *soppinabetta* may be proportionately increased and the right of utilising the leaves, and cutting the dead branches of the trees with the permission of the Amildar, may be conceded to the raiyats.

Reply of Government.—Will be considered.

SUBJECT No. 64.

Compensation to auction purchaser when sale is cancelled.

Messrs. Narasimha Char and Anthakesava Char, Belur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) Interest at 6 per cent on amounts paid by purchasers may be allowed both in the case of darkhast sales and sales for revenue arrears, whenever such sales are set aside after long intervals.

(2) The deposit amounts in such cases may be adjusted towards any arrears due from such purchasers and the jamabandy officer may be empowered to remit the amount of interest on such arrears.

Reply of Government.—Will be considered.

SUBJECT No. 65.

Abolition of supari cess in *maidan* parts.

Messrs. Anantalakshmi Naranappa, and Surappa, Tumkur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The supari cess may be abolished in *maidan* parts though it may be continued to be levied in the *malnad*.

Note.—Disposed of along with Subject No. 321.

SUBJECT No. 66.

Grant of unauthenticated copies of Survey Records.

Mr. B. Srinivasiengar, Anekal Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The Survey department insists on the parties to obtain only authenticated copies of their records, while both authenticated and unauthenticated copies are granted in other departments. The same concession may be extended in the case of copies of Survey Records.

Reply of Government.—Will be considered.

SUBJECT No. 67.

Survey Records.

Messrs. (1) B. Srinivasiengar, Anekal Taluk; and (2) Surasastri, Chikballapur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) Survey Records along with Village maps may be made available for sale in Taluk offices, as in the Madras Presidency.

Ferro-typed field maps (Tippani copies) may be kept in the Taluk offices for sale.

Descriptive memoirs of every resurveyed village may be compiled and made available in the Taluk offices.

(2) Copies of the Revenue Survey accounts may be ordered to be preserved both in the District and Taluk office records.

Reply of Government.—(1) Noted for consideration.

(2) Do

SUBJECT No. 68.

• Grant of Survey *Tippani*.

Mr. B. Srinivasiengar, Anekal Taluk and Surasastri, Chikballapur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Copies of *Tippani* made by the Survey department at the time of the survey settlement are, on the application of the landholder and on payment of the copying fees, being granted in the South Canara District. This helps the raiyats in avoiding

disputes regarding their boundaries. It is therefore prayed that such copies may be granted in this State also.

Reply of Government.—*Vide* Subject No. 67.

SUBJECT No. 69.

Unassessed lands to be subdivided and assessed.

Messrs. Ramiah, Malur Taluk and Sura Sastri, Chikballapur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Survey numbers measuring 100 to 200 acres may be divided into smaller numbers and assessed so that they may be easily obtained by darkhast-dars.

Reply of Government.—Will be considered.

SUBJECT No. 70.

Publication of Government decisions in revenue cases.

Mr. D. Raja Rao, Channagiri Taluk.

Withdrawn.

SUBJECT No. 71.

Removal of Khalsat on Brahmadaya Inam lands whose boundaries are noted in the original sannad.

Mr. Upadhya Sreenivasa Iyengar, Nagamangala Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—In sannads for Brahmadaya Inam lands granted by His Highness the Maharaja late Krishnaraja Wodeyar III, only beriz in *hanas* has been shown, without the mention of *bijavari*. Subsequently, during the Inam Settlement rough measurements of the lands were made and approximate areas were mentioned. These again were altered at the Survey Settlement and Khalsat was levied on the excess found in the inam holdings. Khalsat on Brahmadaya Inam lands whose boundaries are noted in the original grant may be removed as in the case of Devadaya Inam lands.

Reply of Government.—If specific cases are brought to notice, they will be investigated.

SUBJECT No. 72.

Reduction of assessment in the malnad during the Re-survey.

Mr. C. Srinivasa Rao, Chikmagalur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The assessment in malnad and semi-malnad on both wet and dry lands is high. This fact was represented in previous meetings of the Assembly. It was promised at one of these meetings that at the time of Re-survey the assessment in these parts would be revised after consulting the raiyats. Effect may now be given to this promise as the Re-survey is now proceeding.

The rate of Rs. 7 to Rs. 9½ in the semi-malnad taluks is high, the rates were fixed at a time when poppy was being grown and on the basis of the yield of this crop but as the cultivation of poppy is prohibited now and as the average yield of arecanut has fallen from 40 to 20 or 25 maunds per acre, the question of reduction of assessment might be taken up at the next re-survey which is close at hand. Economic causes more than sanitary causes were at the root of the whole trouble in Malnad.

Mr. Hosakoppa Krishna Rao also said that the assessment on garden lands in the malnad was heavy.

The Dewan remarked that there was no improvement in the methods of cultivation.